

Every human being on Earth depends on nature. Our health, security, jobs, and human potential—indeed, our day-to-day existence—all rely on the gifts and services that nature provides. Our well-being is a reflection of Earth's well-being.

But we are taking more from nature than it can replace. We're weakening Earth's ability to provide the stable climate, clean air, fresh water, food, and other services that we depend on.

Working with forward-thinking partners around the world, CI is committed to safeguarding the wealth of nature to ensure the well-being of current and future generations and all life on Earth. Our approach is simple, yet transformative:

Protect our natural wealth.

CI ensures that the most valuable areas on Earth, on land and at sea, remain intact—so we don't destroy today what we're going to need tomorrow.

Promote sustainable production.

CI works at every level of business to transform supply chains—so we can meet human needs without eroding the natural wealth that sustains us.

Foster effective governance.

Cl gives diverse government partners the tools they need to create economically vibrant societies that are also ecologically stable and environmentally just.

Our strategy is to identify the game-changing innovations that are required to support our efforts; to demonstrate our solutions on the ground by showing how protecting nature creates positive change for people; and, finally, to partner with influential institutions in order to amplify the lessons we've learned beyond the geographical boundaries of our field demonstrations.



Cl's scientists continue to do cuttingedge work that solves global challenges and receives widespread notice. Of note: Dr. Lee Hannah's paper on the dramatic impacts climate change could bring to wineries; Dr. Leonardo Sáenz's research on how healthy cloud forests keep hydropower plants running; and a letter by Dr. Russ Mittermeier and others, published in *Science*, about the win-win possibilities that "ecocompensation" payments could bring to people and pandas in China's forests.

CLIMATE MONITORING STATION IN UGANDA. © BENJAMIN DRUMMOND

COUNCIL

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In partnership with the Council on Foreign Relations, CI convened a March symposium in Washington, D.C., about the direct connection between nature's health and U.S. economic and national security interests. More than 150 leaders from various sectors heard CI's message from panelists including CI Chairman and CEO Peter Seligmann and Board members Harrison Ford and Richard Haass. And a much larger audience was reached through coverage of the event on BBC World News and ABC-Yahoo! News.

Four years after we launched a groundbreaking project in Peru's Alto Mayo Protected Forest that gives farmers financial incentives to conserve the land, our efforts have paid off. In April, Cl announced that our work has reduced carbon emissions from deforestation in Peru by 2.5 million metric tons, the

equivalent of taking 500,000 cars off the road for a year.

PROTECTING FORESTS+
REDUCING POVERTY IN PERU





In May, we furthered an important friendship when former Secretary of State Hillary Rodham Clinton took the stage with Cl's vice chair, Harrison Ford, at our 16th annual New York dinner. The two discussed the direct connection between international conservation and U.S. economic and national security interests.



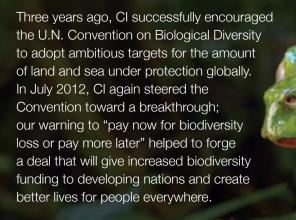
SECRETARY OF STATE HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON AT CI'S 2013 NEW YORK DINNER, © CONSERVATION INTERNATIONAL/PHOTO BY JACK HARTZMAN

MARKING 5 SUCCESSFUL YEARS IN INDO-BURMA

In March, the Critical Ecosystem
Partnership Fund—a partnership
among Cl and allies in the public and
government sectors—marked the end
of a remarkable five-year investment
in the Indo-Burma biodiversity hotspot
of Southeast Asia. Through grants to
local civil society groups, the initiative
strengthened the protection and
management of more than 2 million
hectares (5 million acres) of land,
protected 20 globally threatened species
from the illegal wildlife trade, and helped
more than 100 local communities.

YELLOW CHEEKED CRESTED GIBBON (NOMASCUS GABRIELLAE), CAMBODIA. © CONSERVATION INTERNATIONAL/PHOTO BY STERLING ZUMBRUNN

In February, the government of Raja Ampat, Indonesia, announced the formation of Indonesia's first-ever shark and manta ray sanctuary. This 46,000-square-kilometer (18,000-square-mile) sanctuary, which resulted from CI's close cooperation with the Raja Ampat government and The Nature Conservancy, is particularly important for the people of Raja Ampat, as sharks maintain healthy fisheries, promote ecosystem health and provide communities with substantial tourism income.



PROTECTING THE BIODIVERSITY PEOPLE DEPEND ON

GIANT LEAF FROG (PHYLLOMEDUSA BICOLOR), SURINAME. © TROND LARSEN

ADVANCING THE OCEAN HEALTH INDEX

Our oceans provide \$21 trillion worth of services to humans every year. But to sustainably manage them, we must measure and monitor their health. That's the premise behind the August 2012 launch of the Ocean Health Index—the first comprehensive, global assessment of the ocean and the benefits it provides to people. The Index is a one-of-a-kind tool that businesses, governments, policymakers and the public can use to understand, appreciate and manage our greatest global resource. To learn more, visit oceanhealthindex.org.

In April, CI and Nestlé released the "Deforestation Guides for Commodity Sourcing." These guides use satellite data from 32 countries to indicate which regions, in countries of importance to Nestlé's global supply chains, may be most at risk from deforestation. And the guides are not just being used by Nestlé to source its top commodities more sustainably; they're also available to the 400+ members of the Consumer Goods Forum who have committed to achieving zero-net deforestation from their global supply chains by 2020.

FIGHTING DEFORESTATION WITH DATA

COCOA FARMER IN MADAGASCAR. © CONSERVATION INTERNATIONAL/PHOTO BY CURAN BONHAM

REVITALIZING CI'S BUSINESS + SUSTAINABILITY COUNCIL

During the last 12 months, CI has revitalized our Business and Sustainability Council (BSC)—a corporate forum where members can collaborate with CI's scientific and sustainability experts, and each other, to share success stories and pilot new and innovative demonstration projects in the field. A newly designed BSC relaunched at an event in San Francisco in March, and parties expressed excitement about the ability to drive positive change with the BSC members as we move forward.

SINGAPORE AT NIGHT. © WEBPHOTOGRAPHEER

MAPPING + INVESTING
IN CRITICAL NATURAL
CAPITAL IN GUYANA

In Guyana, CI staff are identifying and mapping areas that contain "critical natural capital"—in other words, the ecosystems most essential to human well-being. The effort, which will help CI engage the Guyanese government, private sector and civil society in protecting nature for the benefit of people, is the first of its kind—and comes on the heels of our announcement, in

July 2012, of an \$8.5 million trust fund that will provide long-term financing for the management and care of Guyana's protected areas.

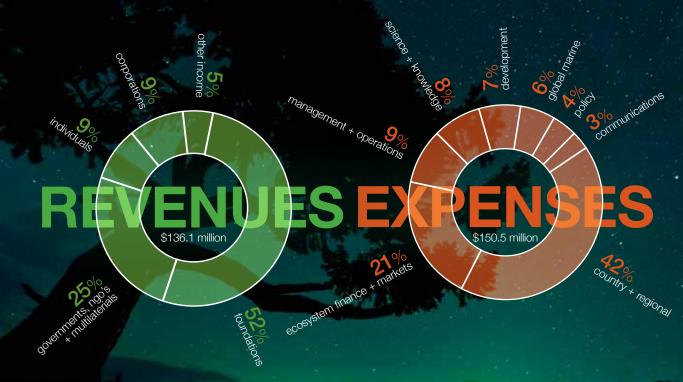
MACUSHI BOY JUMPING IN WATER, GUYANA. © PETE OXFORD/ILCP

Members of the Pacific Islands Forum made historic commitments to ocean conservation at their annual meeting in August 2012—yet another sign that the Pacific Oceanscape, the Forum's pledge to sustainably manage 40 million square kilometers (15 million square miles) of ocean, is gaining traction. Among these commitments, the Cook Islands officially launched the world's biggest marine park, and New Caledonia pledged to create an even larger marine park. Both of these initiatives were shaped and supported by CI staff.

SHAPING
THE PACIFIC
OCEANSCAPE

FY12 BUDGET SUMMARY

Cl demonstrates good stewardship of donor contributions by working strategically—selecting the geographies, partnerships and fora where our efforts can have the greatest impact. We are grateful for the generosity and continued support of our donors.



NORTHERN LIGHTS IN JASPER NATIONAL PARK, CANADA. © COREY HOCHACHKA/DESIGN PICS/CORBIS

	UNRESTRICTED	TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED	PERMANENTLY RESTRICTED	TOTAL	TOTAL (201
REVENUE				P 1900	A. 15 A
GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS					
Foundations	\$6,368	\$65,673	\$60	\$72,101	\$79,16
Non-U.S. Government		20,493		20,493	13,36
Individuals	6,251	6,221		12,472	16,50
Corporations	1,873	10,275		12,148	14,97
NGO/multilaterals	572	8,737		9,309	5,76
U.S. Government		5,036		5,036	10,20
Cancellations and deobligations		(1,733)		(1,733)	(1,94
LICENSING AGREEMENTS, PRODUCT					
SALES, AND OTHER INCOME	6,096	223	- I	6,319	3,38
INVESTMENT INCOME	The second second	3	TALL OF THE PARTY.	3	5,73
NET ASSETS RELEASED					
FROM DONOR RESTRICTIONS	128,871	(128,871)		_	
TOTAL REVENUE	150,031	(13,943)	60	136,148	147,15
Science and Knowledge Global Marine Policy Communications TOTAL PROGRAM SERVICES SUPPORTING SERVICES Management and Operations Development	11,583 8,820 6,976 3,969 127,189 13,146 10,193	-		11,583 8,820 6,976 3,969 127,189 13,146 10,193	11,37 5,0° 7,7% 4,6° 98,3 % 13,2%
TOTAL SUPPORTING SERVICES	23,339	_	_	23,339	23,16
TOTAL EXPENSES	150,528	_		150,528	121,55
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS BEFORE NON OPERATING ACTIVITY NON OPERATING ACTIVITY GAIN (LOSS) ON FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION	(497) —	(13,943) (2,098)	60 _	(14,380)	25,60 2,88
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	(497)	(16,041)	60	(16,478)	28,48
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	10 100	226,381	13,255	258,835	220.04
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	19,199 (497)	(16,041)	13,255	(16,478)	230,34
	, ,				28,48
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$18,702	\$210,340	\$13,315	\$242,357	\$258,83

FY12 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

These financial statements cover Conservation International's fiscal year 2012, which ended June 30, 2012. Audited fiscal year 2013 financial statements will be available at the end of the 2013 calendar year. Balances are in the thousands.



